

Tri-County Nursing Pathway: Transforming Nursing Education in California

Sandy Baker, DNP, RN, CNE, ANEF
Penny Weismuller, DrPH, RN
Tammy Vant Hul-Austin, PhD, RN, ACNP, CNE



Objectives

- Review the driving forces for change behind the establishment of the Tri-County Pathway Nursing Guided Pathway
- Discuss the RCC-CSU Concurrent Enrollment Program (CEP) model
- Describe identified challenges in planning, development and implementation of the model
- · Identify resources to help other institutions establish CEPs



National Benchmarks

- IOM Goal: 80% BSN by 2020
- National Education Progression Nursing Collaborative (NEPIN)
 Goal: 1 million incumbent and 90% of new ADNs graduate to the BSN or higher by 2025
- American Association of Colleges of Nursing (AACN): Supports and calls for a seamless transition to baccalaureate and master's degree (2018)

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Driving Forces for Change

California Status

- Number of RN-to-BSN programs has increased by only 19% over the last 10 years
- 44% of RN-to-BSN programs reported declining enrollments in 2016-2017
- 65% of pre-licensure programs are ADN
- 53% of RN graduates are from ADN programs

BRN Annual School Report, 2016-2017





Driving Forces for Change

BSN Forecast 2018-Spetz, 2018

- Currently 54.4% of RNs have a BSN
- By 2020 59.8% of RNs projected to be BSN prepared
- By 2025 only 66% of RNs will have their BSN
- Average completion time from ADN to BSN is over 8 years



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Driving Forces for Change

Bridging the Gaps in Pre-licensure Nursing Education

- Improve and standardize pre-licensure nursing curricula
- Support and streamline the academic progression of nurses seeking higher levels of education

Regional Nursing Summits Final Report-Jan. 2019



Common RN-BSN Articulation Model

Non-CEP

- · Two distinct and unrelated programs "articulate" with each other
- Little to no collaboration on curriculum.
- Awarding of credit for prior education/NCLEX-RN is determined by the university and is variable
- ADN programs have multiple RN-to-BSN agreements

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Historical Barriers to Non-CEP RN-BSN Model

- Many CCC graduates are financially challenged and need to work
- Many CCC graduates lack necessary coursework to enter CSU BSN programs (e.g., college chemistry & statistics)
- Most CCC nursing programs are not nationally accredited
- Redundancy in university nursing content (if applicable) increases completion time and costs
- Insufficient quantity of quality, accessible, public RN-BSN programs
- Excessive ADN units limit available financial aid for BSN



Concurrent Enrollment Model Concepts

- Pre-nursing students take courses to meet both programs' GE and prerequisite requirements
- Two independent program types run simultaneously and in alignment with each other
- Students are concurrently admitted to both programs and take courses for both institutions onsite at community college or online
- Streamlined ADN to BSN curricula allow completion in 120 units
- · Financial aid during the CEP managed through the university



Collaborative Design Process

- Initial meeting involved administrators from all institutions at the highest levels to ensure institutional support; a legislator for the region was also present for legislative support
- Ongoing team of 10 included faculty and administrators from RCC, CSUF, CSUSB and CCC/CSU Chancellor Offices
- Specialists consulted to address challenges such as financial aid, admissions, and memorandum of understanding (MOU)



Project Goals



- Develop ADN-to-BSN 120-unit pathway
 - 70 units RCC ADN + 20 units NCLEX- RN credit + 30 units CSU BSN
- Revise CSU RN to BSN curriculum to offer 30-semester units in 5 semesters
 - CEP students complete CSU coursework during four semesters at RCC
 - Graduate from RCC ADN program and pass NCLEX-RN
 - Graduate from CSU with BSN within 6 months

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Project Goals



- Starting in in Fall 2019, admit 30-40 students concurrently in this pathway
 - · Fall, 2019- First cohort of RCC-CSUF
 - Spring, 2020 -Second cohort of RCC-CSUSB
- · Expand model throughout California
- Increase BSN-prepared nurses to meet IOM goal and California workforce needs



Timeline

- 2016: Workgroup established
- 2017-2018: Curricula revisions and alignment occurred; Board of Nursing and nursing accrediting agency approvals; discussions with admissions, enrollment and financial aid stakeholders from all institutions
- 2018-2019: Admissions, enrollment, and transcript evaluations between institutions
- 2019: Admitted first RCC-CSU CEP class

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Finalized Curricula

Pre-Nursing Guided Pathway



- Designed to fulfill all RCC and CSU GE and prerequisite requirements, with some double-counting of courses as allowed
- Chemistry and Statistics now required for all RCC ADN cohorts
- Biology 1 now incorporated as part of the CEP pathway
- Total of 56 units (39 LDGE + 17 preadmission units)

RCC-CSU Pre-Nursing Pathway				
	Course	Course Name	Units	
Intersession	Course	Course Name	Units	
Intersession				
	BIO-1	General Biology (B.2)	4	
		Total Units	4	
<u>First Semester</u>				
	HUM-10 or PHI-10	World Religions or Introduction to Philosophy (C.2)	3	
	ENG-1A	English Composition (A.2)	4	
	BIO -50A	Anatomy and Physiology I (B.2)	4	
		Total Units	11	
Second Semester				
	BIO-50B	Anatomy and Physiology II (B.2)	4	
	ENG-1B or PHI- 11	Critical Thinking and Writing or Critical Thinking (A.3)	4	
	MAT-12	Statistics (B.4)	4	
		Total Units	12	
Intersession				
	Psy-9	Developmental Psychology (D.1)	3	
		Total Units	3	
Third Semester				
	CHE-2A	Introduction to Chemistry (B.1)	4	
	COM-1 or	Public Speaking or	3	
	COM-9	Interpersonal Communications (A.1)		
	POL-1	American Politics (D.2)	3	
	ART-6 or	Art Appreciation or	3	
	DAN-6	Dance Appreciation (C.1)		
		Total Units	13	
Fourth				
_	HIS-6 or HIS-7	Political and Social History of the United States (D.2)	3	
	BIO-55	Microbiology (B.2)	4	
	SOC-1 or	Introduction to Sociology or	3	
	ANT-2	Cultural Anthropology (D)		
	MUS-19 or THE-3	Music Appreciation or Introduction to the Theater (C.1)	3	
		Total Units	13	
Total Pre-Nursing GE		Total Units	56	

RCC Pre-Nursing Pathway



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Finalized Curriculum

RCC ADN Curriculum

- · Five required courses:
 - Four 9-unit semester courses
 - Plus, a 3-unit intersession course that double counts towards the LDGE, area E
- Total theory units = 21
- Total clinical units =18
- Total nursing units = 39 (including the 3-unit area E course)





Finalized Curriculum

CSUF CEP Curriculum

- Curriculum reviewed to assure all AACN Bachelor's Nursing Essentials met
- Complementary CSU and RCC course offerings to assure integration of content
- Students take 9 units of RCC nursing coursework concurrently with 3 units of CSU coursework in each semester
- Strengthened upper-division General Education content of selected nursing course(s) to allow graduation within 120 units

RCC-CSUF CEP



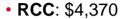


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Estimated Tuition/Fees



- If student is eligible for the Promise waiver, tuition costs would be \$0
- 68% of RCC students are eligible for the Promise waiver
- CSU: \$14,652
 - If financial aid eligible within the unit limits
- TOTAL COST of CEP BSN: \$14,652-\$21,263



CEP Today...

Recruitment of CEP Cohort



- held twice monthly
- Application changed to allow for students to select more than one RN cohort option-Traditional or ADN/BSN CEP
- Nursing Counselor and Enrollment Specialist identified option to eligible students





CEP Today...

Recruitment of CEP



- Application period moved up one month and extended for 2 weeks to better accommodate CSU schedule
- Text advising all pre-nursing students of new option and application dates sent out from Admissions



- 177 qualified applicants
- 40 applicants selected + 20% as alternates
- GPA differences-2.5 vs. 2.75 between RCC/CSU and CSU/CSU caused confusion
- GE certification occurred at RCC and verified at CSU
- Cohort movement occurred
- Ranked via multi-criteria point-differences between cohorts





Comparison of Cohort Descriptors and Demographics

	Concurrent Enrollment Students	Traditional Students
# of Applicants	177	455
Point Range	63-86	66-85
Prior Bachelor's	32.5%	17.5%
Degree		
Male	52.5%	27.5%
Average Age	20-39	18-60
Students	33/40 received	N/A
Receiving	(83%)	
Financial Aid	18-loan only	

Demographics Reported in %	Concurrent Enrollment Students	Traditional Students
Asian	15	12.5
African	7.5	2.5
American		
Filipino	2.5	10
Hispanic	45	42.5
Native	2.5	0
American		
Other	2.5	0
Pacific	2.5	0
Islander		
Caucasian	22.5	32.5





Lessons Learned

Issue #1-Application/enrollment dates for RCC and CSU did not correlate

 Solution-RCC moved up application period twice (will be 2 months later for spring) and cohort selection date; CSU used flexible admission periods to accommodate student movement

Issue #2-Confusion re: CSU GE Certification (56 units, 2nd Bac)

 Solution-Education of RCC and CSU admission and records personnel from CSU CO. Use of EO 1084 for 2nd bacs



Lessons Learned

Issue #3-Financial aid



 Solution-All students need to complete a FAFSA and direct funds to CSU

Issue #4-2nd bacs pay graduate level rates

Solution-Students need to be informed upfront

Issue #5-GPA differences between institutions

Solution-Consider increasing required RCC GPA to 2.75

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Lessons Learned



Issue #6-Differences in course-related dates between systems

 Solutions-Flexibility from everyone; development of a master calendar; identify point person at each institution

Issue #7-Faculty and Space

 Solution-Share CC and CSU faculty if available and qualified; face-toface on CC campus or distance ed offerings





Resources Available

Nursing Education Investment Fund Grant

- Creation of a central resource website
- Access to individuals with expertise in developing CEP programs
- Individualized support for curriculum development and revision
- Information and document sharing- <u>CEP Information Sheet</u>
- PD: Tammy Vant Hul-Austin tammy.vanthul@rcc.edu





Imagine the Impact...

What if every ADN program in CA had 50% of their students concurrently enrolled in a BSN program?

- The number of BSN graduates would increase by 2,704 in one year, a total increase of 175%!
- In 5 years, there would be 13,520 more BSN graduates!
- Expand to other ADN-BSN collaboratives beyond the pilot
- Other interested programs could follow the model



Challenge!!

- Why shouldn't this model be implemented throughout California?
- Why shouldn't all of our community college nursing students have access to quality, affordable BSN education?
- · Why not your college's nursing program?

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Questions?

- Contact Information
 - Sandy Baker: sandy.baker@rcc.edu
 - Terese Burch: terese.burch@csusb.edu
 - Tammy Vant Hul-Austin: tammy.vanthul@rcc.edu
 - Penny Weismuller: pweismuller@fullerton.edu

